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1. Choose a topology

Before you install Sitecore Experience Platform, you must choose the topology or the type of instance that you want to install.

Sitecore supports the following topologies for on-premise installations by default:

- XP Single (XP0)
- XP Scaled (XP1)
- XM Scaled (XM1)

This guide describes how to install the XM Scaled topology.

If you want to install one of the other topologies, download the installation guide for that topology.

You can configure the topology to match your business needs. There are several scalability options that you can use to achieve better performance, cope with greater website demand, and manage large amounts of website traffic. For more information about scaling, see Scaling scenarios.

Azure Cloud supports additional deployment topologies. For more information, see the documentation about Sitecore configurations and topology for Azure.

IMPORTANT

To deploy Sitecore XP in Azure Cloud, you must use Sitecore Azure Toolkit and the appropriate Sitecore Azure WDP.

NOTE

If you want to install the XM Single topology, you must install the CM instance from the XM Scaled topology and then in the web.config file, specify the following setting:

```
<add key="role:define" value="Standalone" />
```

This chapter contains the following section:

On-premise topology options



1.1. On-premise topology options

The following table describes the three topologies that are available:

| Deployment topology | Description | | | | |
|------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| XP Single (XP0) | Use this topology for local development and testing. | | | | |
| | The Sitecore Experience Platform, runs as three single instances: Sitecore, xConnect, and Sitecore Identity server. The Experience Database (xDB) is partially included in the Sitecore and xConnect instances. | | | | |
| | NOTE For security and scalability reasons, in production environments, it is best practice to use the XM Scaled (XM1) or XP Scaled (XP1) configuration. | | | | |
| XM Scaled (XM1) | Use this topology if you are not planning to use the analytics and marketing features in the Sitecore Experience Platform. | | | | |
| | The Sitecore Experience Management configuration (similar to CMS-only mode) runs the Content Delivery (CD), Content Management (CM) server roles and the Sitecore Identity server. | | | | |
| | NOTE | | | | |
| | When you select this topology, xDB and xConnect are not available. | | | | |
| XP Scaled (XP1) | Use this topology if you are planning a fully featured Sitecore Experience Platform installation. | | | | |
| | The Sitecore Experience Platform configuration running the following separated server roles: | | | | |
| | Content Delivery | | | | |
| | Content Management | | | | |
| | Email Experience Dedicated Dispatch Server (optional) | | | | |
| | Sitecore Identity | | | | |
| | Processing | | | | |
| | Reporting | | | | |
| | xConnect Collection | | | | |
| | xConnect Collection Search | | | | |
| | • xDB Reference Data | | | | |
| | xDB Automation Operations | | | | |
| | xDB Automation Reporting | | | | |
| | Sitecore Cortex [™] Processing Engine | | | | |
| | Sitecore Cortex[™] Reporting service | | | | |

NOTE

In a scaled environment you must consider how to configure your session state provider. For more information, see the section Configure Session State Providers.



NOTE

This document does not describe how to configure the Sitecore Email Experience Manager. For more information, see the Sitecore Email Campaign Manager documentation.



2. Sitecore Install Framework

Before you can install Sitecore Experience Platform, you must set up Sitecore Install Framework (SIF).

This chapter contains the following sections:

- Set up Sitecore Install Framework
- Install Sitecore Install Framework manually
- Customize the Sitecore Install Framework
- Run SIF remotely
- Install a SIF configuration file

2.1. Set up Sitecore Install Framework

The Sitecore Installation Framework (SIF) is a Microsoft® PowerShell module that supports local and remote installations of Sitecore Experience Platform.

You must use SIF to install Sitecore Experience Platform.

SIF deploys Web Deploy Packages (WDP) by passing parameters to SIF configuration files through a Microsoft® PowerShell module and is fully extensible.

Because the Sitecore Experience Platform is designed to be secure-by-default, for developer environments all the required self-signed certificates are created automatically if you do not provide any.

In a production environment, you can provide your own certificates. In a non-production environment, you can choose to have the module generate the certificates for you.

You must set up SIF before you can install Sitecore Experience Platform.

2.1.1. Install the SIF Module using MyGet

The Sitecore Gallery is a public MyGet feed that is used to download and install PowerShell modules created by Sitecore. SIF is available through the Sitecore Gallery.

To set up SIF:

- 1. In Windows, open PowerShell as an administrator.
- 2. To register the repository, in a PowerShell command line, run the following cmdlet:

```
Register-PSRepository -Name SitecoreGallery
-SourceLocation https://sitecore.myget.org/F/sc-powershell/api/v2
```

3. When prompted to install, press **Y**, and then press **Enter**.



4. Install the PowerShell module by running the following cmdlet:

Install-Module SitecoreInstallFramework

5. When prompted to install, press **Y**, and then press **Enter**.

Update the Sitecore Installation Framework Module

When a newer version of the SIF module is available, you can update to the latest version by running a PowerShell cmdlet.

• To update the Sitecore Installation Framework module, run the following cmdlet:

Update-Module SitecoreInstallFramework

2.1.2. Validate the installation

After you install SIF, you can validate the installation to confirm that it is available for use.

NOTE

This validation only works if you have installed SIF to the *All users* (global) path.

To validate the installation:

• In a PowerShell command line, run the following cmdlet:

Get-Module SitecoreInstallFramework -ListAvailable

2.1.3. Running multiple versions of SIF

Sitecore Experience Platform 9.2.0 or later requires SIF 2.1.0.

If you want to install a previous version of Sitecore Experience Platform on the same computer, you must also have the required SIF version installed. See the table below for the appropriate SIF version. PowerShell uses the latest available version of a module in a session by default and you must import the specific version of SIF required for the version of Sitecore that you want to install.

To install a specific version of SIF, run the following cmdlet:

Install-Module -Name SitecoreInstallFramework -RequiredVersion x.x.x

Enter the appropriate value in the RequiredVersion parameter.

The following table lists the versions of SIF that are compatible with Sitecore Experience Platform 9.X:

| Sitecore Experience Platform Version | SIF Version |
|--------------------------------------|-------------|
| 9.0.x | 1.2.1 |
| 9.1.0 | 2.0.0 |
| 9.1.1 | 2.1.0 |
| 9.2.0 | 2.1.0 |



2.1.4. Running a specific version of SIF

To run a specific version of SIF, launch a new Powershell session and run the following cmdlet:

Import-Module -Name SitecoreInstallFramework -Force -RequiredVersion x.x.x

You will use the specified version for the remainder of the session.

The next time you start a PowerShell session it automatically uses the latest available version.

2.2. Install Sitecore Install Framework manually

SIF is also available as a .zip package.

You can download the Sitecore Install Framework packages from the Sitecore Downloads page.

NOTE

When you download the packages, it is possible that the . <code>zip</code> packages are marked as blocked by Microsoft Windows. To install SIF, you must first unblock the .<code>zip</code> packages.

2.2.1. To unblock a .zip package

- 1. In Windows Explorer, navigate to the folder where you downloaded the .zip packages, and right-click the relevant .zip file.
- 2. Click Properties.
- 3. In the **Properties** dialog box, on the **General** tab, click **Unblock**.
- 4. Click **OK**.

2.2.2. Extract the Sitecore Install Framework

The installation path depends on the location where you want to install the SIF. You can install it for all users (global path), for a specific user, or to a custom location:

| Usage | Path |
|-------------------------|---|
| All users (global path) | C:\Program Files\WindowsPowerShell\Modules |
| Specific user | C:\Users\ <user>\Documents\WindowsPowerShell\Modules</user> |
| Custom location | Any path |

If you want to install SIF to a custom location, after the installation you must import the module and specify the path to the file by running the following cmdlet:

Import-Module <custompath>\SitecoreInstallFramework

However, if you added SIF to an *All users* or *Specific user* path, you do not have to import the module, because this is done automatically.



For example, to make SIF available to all users, extract the SIF . zip package to the following path:

C:\Program Files\WindowsPowerShell\Modules\SitecoreInstallFramework

2.3. Customize the Sitecore Install Framework

SIF lets you customize your installation within Microsoft PowerShell to add more tasks and features as required. For example, you can add steps to unpack a .zip archive of content, download files from other sources, or make a web request to call another service.

For more information about how to extend the installation framework, read the *Customize the Sitecore Installation Framework* section in the Sitecore Installation Framework Configuration Guide.

2.4. Run SIF remotely

PowerShell Remoting lets you run SIF configurations on a remote computer.

2.4.1. Enable PowerShell Remoting

To enable PowerShell remoting:

• On the remote computer, in a PowerShell command line, run the Enable-PSRemoting cmdlet.

NOTE

You must enable PowerShell remoting for the user that completes the installation, and this user must have administrator rights to perform the deployment. For more information about securing or configuring a computer for remote access, see Microsoft's documentation.

SIF uses SSL to create a remote PowerShell session. You must configure Windows Remote Management (WinRM) to work over HTTPS. For more information, see Microsoft Support.

2.4.2. Start a Remote Installation

To start a remote deployment:

- 1. Install SIF on the remote computer.
- 2. In a PowerShell command line, create a new remote session:

\$session = New-PSSession -ComputerName <RemoteComputerName>

3. To copy all the required packages and SIF configuration files to the remote computer, specify the path and then run the following cmdlet:

Copy-Item -Path <sourcefile> -Destination -<remotePath> -ToSession \$session



4. To start the installation, run the following cmdlet:

```
$session = New-PSSession -ComputerName <RemoteComputerName>
Invoke-Command -Session $session { Import-Module SitecoreInstallFramework }
Invoke-Command -Session $session { Install-SitecoreConfiguration -Path
<configurationpath> }
```

NOTE

For more information about the Invoke-Command cmdlet, see the PowerShell documentation.

2.5. Install a SIF configuration file

Here is an example of how to use SIF to install a SIF configuration file on a local server.

To install a SIF configuration file on a local instance:

- 1. Launch PowerShell as an administrator.
- 2. Import SIF 2.1.0.
- To start the installation, run the Install-SitecoreConfiguration cmdlet, and specify the path to your SIF configuration file.
 For example, using the sitecore-XM1.json file:

Install-SitecoreConfiguration -Path <configurationpath>\sitecore-XM1.json

Optionally, the parameters declared in the SIF configuration files can be passed in at the command line by prefixing their name with a dash "-". For example:

Install-SitecoreConfiguration -Path <configurationpath>\sitecore-XM1.json -SqlDbPrefix SC.

In a PowerShell command line, additional parameters can be passed to control the installation process. For example:

| Cmdlet | Description |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Verbose | Increases the amount of information that is logged. |
| -Skip <taskname></taskname> | Skips one or more tasks. |

For more information about the parameters that can be passed to the Install-SitecoreConfiguration cmdlet, run the following cmdlet:

Get-Help Install-SitecoreConfiguration



NOTE

You can also use the scinst alias to run the Install-SitecoreConfiguration cmdlet.



3. Installation requirements

Before you can install Sitecore Experience Platform, you must ensure that you have all of the server and client requirements and prerequisites in place.

This chapter contains the following sections:

- Server requirements
- Client requirements
- Server file system requirements

3.1. Client requirements

3.1.1. Browser software requirements

Sitecore Experience Platform clients are browser-based user interfaces. Sitecore Experience Platform 9.2.0 has been tested and can run on the following browsers:

- Microsoft Internet Explorer 11
- Mozilla Firefox
- Google Chrome
- Microsoft Edge
- Apple Safari (Mac only)

NOTE

Sitecore Experience Platform 9.2.0 supports all the current stable versions of these browsers. However, it does not support the *Compatibility view* in Internet Explorer 11.

Although Sitecore Experience Platform supports the tested versions of the listed browsers, newer browser revisions are continually released. Sitecore will support the latest revisions of these browsers.

For more information about browser compatibility, see the Sitecore compatibility table.

3.1.2. Client hardware requirements

Sitecore Experience Platform 9.2.0 has the following minimum client hardware requirements:

- Processor: Intel Pentium 4, 2 GHz or faster processor.
- RAM: 512 MB minimum, 1 GB recommended.
- TCP/IP connection at 512 Kbps or faster to the Sitecore XP host.
- 1024 x 768 or greater screen resolution required for advanced operations.



You do not have to install any additional software on the Sitecore Experience Platform clients that access Sitecore Experience Platform servers.

3.2. Server requirements

Before you can install Sitecore Experience Platform 9.2.0, you must ensure that you have all of the requirements and prerequisites in place.

3.2.1. Install Solr

The standard Sitecore Experience Platform configuration requires Solr 7.5.0. The Sitecore Experience Platform is secure by default, you must, therefore, enable SSL for Solr.

Before you run the Sitecore Installation Framework, you must:

- Enable and set up SSL for Solr.
- Install Solr and configure it to run as a Windows service.

For local testing and development, you can set up a self-signed certificate. The Apache Solr Reference guide has more information about creating a self-signed certificate.

3.2.2. Hardware requirements for a server running a single Sitecore installation

To run a single Sitecore installation, the minimum configuration requirements are:

- 4 core processor
- 16 GB of RAM

NOTE

The recommended hardware requirements are for running the software on a single computer. For more information about running Sitecore on different kinds of hardware, consult your Sitecore partner or technical sales representative.

3.2.3. IIS requirements

Sitecore Experience Platform can be hosted on the following IIS versions:

• IIS 10.0

You must use the version of IIS that your operating system supports. For more information about IIS and operating systems, see Microsoft's documentation.

For Sitecore Identity server, you must install:

• .NET Core 2.1.7 Windows Hosting module

Sitecore Experience Platform does not officially support any other ASP.NET web servers such as IIS Express, or Mono Web Server, and it neither supports nor allows multiple IIS website definitions to point to the same Sitecore web root.



3.2.4. Operating system requirements

Sitecore Experience Platform 9.2.0 is only compatible with the client and server operating systems that support .NET Framework 4.7.1 or .NET Framework 4.7.2.

Sitecore Experience Platform can be hosted on the following Microsoft operating systems:

- Windows Server 2019
- Windows Server 2016
- Windows 10 (64-bit)

IMPORTANT

You must enable the Transport Layer Security (TLS) protocol version 1.2 on all of your Sitecore Experience Platform content management and Dedicated Dispatch servers (DDS).

For more information about enabling TLS 1.2, see Microsoft's documentation.

IMPORTANT

Run Windows Update and install all the appropriate service packs and security updates.

3.2.5. .NET requirements

Sitecore Experience Platform 9.2.0 requires .NET Framework 4.7.1 or .NET Framework 4.7.2.

Sitecore Identity server requires .NET Core 2.1.7 Windows Hosting Module or later.

You must apply any available updates to the .NET Framework on every Sitecore installation.

3.2.6. Microsoft Visual C++ 2015 redistributable requirements

Sitecore Experience Platform 9.0 Update-1 introduced a new prerequisite for the Microsoft Visual C++ 2015 Redistributable. For more information, see Microsoft's documentation.

NOTE

This redistributable may already be installed with Microsoft Windows. Without it, Sitecore Experience Platform will fail to start up with the message:

Could not load file or assembly 'ChilkatDotNet46.dll' or one of its dependencies. The specified module could not be found.

3.2.7. Database requirements

Sitecore Experience Platform 9.2.0 supports the following database servers:

- Microsoft SQL Server 2016 SP2 and 2017. This is required for every configuration - supports the XM databases and is required for the Experience Database (xDB).
- MongoDB Server 4.0.5 This is required if you are going to use MongoDB as a Session State Provider.



NOTE

Sitecore Experience Platform 9.2.0 does not support the MongoDB MMAPv1 storage engine because it does not support retryable writes.

3.2.8. Enable Contained Database Authentication

When you use Web Deploy Packages, you must ensure that the target SQL Server is configured correctly.

To configure the target SQL Server to allow users and logins to be contained at the database level:

- 1. Launch Microsoft SQL Server Management Studio and log in as an administrator.
- 2. Run the following new query:

```
EXEC sp_configure 'contained', 1;
RECONFIGURE;
```

NOTE

For more information about the contained database authentication option, see Microsoft's documentation.

3.2.9. Search indexing requirements

Sitecore Experience Platform 9.2.0 supports Solr, Lucene, and Azure Search as search providers:

- Solr 7.5.0 http://archive.apache.org/dist/lucene/solr/7.5.0
 Solr is the default search provider and supports both content search and analytics search. Solr is required to use the Sitecore Install Framework (SIF).
- Azure Search

The Azure Search provider is supported and recommended for Azure Cloud PaaS deployments only. Azure search supports both content search and analytics search.

In PaaS solutions, you can use Azure Search, Solr, or SolrCloud in Azure. In On-premise solutions, the Sitecore Install Framework requires Solr to deploy. After the deployment you can switch the indexing to use Azure Search. See Configure Azure Cognitive Search for information on how to configure Azure Search.

• Lucene

Lucene is not recommended. Support for Lucene is deprecated in Sitecore Experience Platform 9.2.0 and will be completely removed in a later release.

NOTE

Lucene only supports content search and does not support xConnect.

For more information about installing or managing these index providers in a Sitecore context, see the Sitecore documentation.

If you want to use a search provider that works in both analytics and content search, we recommend that you use either Solr or Azure Search.



As of version 9.2, Sitecore Content Search includes new functionality for extracting text from media files including PDFs and Microsoft Office documents without requiring additional tools. This functionality replaces the Adobe IFilter implementation used by default in previous versions.

3.2.10. Antivirus software considerations

Some antivirus software can have a detrimental effect on the performance of ASP.NET applications including Sitecore. It's recommended that you use only antivirus scanners that are certified for the operating system that you use.

For more information about the certified products, see the Windows Server Catalog website.

For optimal performance, ensure that the following folders are *not* scanned by your antivirus software:

- The site root folder.
- The data folder defined in the web.config file.
- The folder that contains the actual Sitecore database files.
- The C:\Windows\Temp or {app_pool user profile}\Temp folder.

NOTE

Active file scans from antivirus tools can significantly impact performance of search indexing software. This can lead to poor user experience or slow system performance. Consider turning off any antivirus tools or modifying antivirus settings on the search index server to exclude the application data folders from scans. For more information about your search indexing software, consult the related documentation.

3.2.11. Prerequisites for using the Sitecore Install Framework

To use the Sitecore Install Framework to install Sitecore Experience Platform in an on-premises environment, you must download and install:

• Microsoft PowerShell® version 5.1 or later

3.3. Server file system requirements

Before you install Sitecore Experience Platform, you must fulfill all the requirements.

3.3.1. File system permissions for ASP.NET requests

Sitecore Experience Platform executes requests for ASP.NET resources and all the .NET code running within the application with the permissions of the account configured as an identity for the website's application pool. This account requires Modify permissions for all the files, folders, and subfolders under the \wwwroot\<YourWebsiteFolder> folder.

NOTE

The Sitecore Installation Framework automatically sets all the required permissions to your website folder. If you deploy Sitecore through a manual configuration, such as a PowerShell script or similar, you must set the correct file system permissions.



The following table lists the default account that is used to process ASP.NET requests in the different versions of IIS:

| IIS version | Default ASP.NET account name |
|-------------|------------------------------|
| 10 | NETWORK SERVICE |

If you select a different user account to process the ASP.NET requests, you must also grant this account the *Modify* permissions.

For more information about application pool identities and specifically about assigning rights to the *AppPoolIdentity* account, see Microsoft's documentation.

3.3.2. File system permissions for system folders

To load the .NET runtime and ASP.NET resources that are used to process the ASP.NET requests, the worker process that hosts the Sitecore Experience Platform application requires access to multiple system files and folders that are not distributed as a part of Sitecore Experience Platform, but are installed as a part of the Windows Operating System and the .NET framework. For more information about built-in groups and accounts in IIS, see Microsoft's documentation.

Most of these permissions are granted by IIS to all ASP.NET applications, automatically making the application pool identity account a member of the *IIS_IUSRS* security group.

However, in certain environments, you must manually grant permissions for the Application Pool Identity to the following system locations:

| Default location | Required permissions | Comments |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| %WINDIR%\temp\ | Modify | To install Sitecore Experience Platform, you must assign the <i>Modify</i> access rights to the \temp folder for the ASP.NET and/or IUSR accounts. |
| %WINDIR%\Globalization\ | Modify | Required for registering custom languages by the .NET Framework correctly. |
| %PROGRAMDATA%\Microsoft \Crypto | Modify | Required for storing cryptographic keys used for encrypting/decrypting data. |

These variables have the following default values:

| Variable | Default value |
|---------------|-------------------------------------|
| %WINDIR% | C:\Windows |
| %PROGRAMDATA% | C:\ProgramData for IIS 10 and later |

NOTE

The Sitecore Installation Framework specifies the required permissions for certificates under the \crypto folder.

3.3.3. UNC share is not supported

You must install Sitecore Experience Platform on a local drive, not a Universal Naming Convention share.



3.3.4. Sitecore cannot operate from a virtual directory

Sitecore Experience Platform does not support operating from a virtual directory.

3.4. Configure the parameters in the SIF configuration files

The SIF configuration files are templates that are the basis for deploying various Sitecore Experience Platform configurations with support for:

- Creating an IIS Application Pool.
- Creating an IIS website.
- Installing Web Deploy Packages.
- Configuring File Permissions.

You must review and configure the default parameters in each of the SIF configuration files for your topology.

To configure the parameters in a SIF configuration file:

- 1. In a text editor, open the relevant SIF configuration file, for example sitecore-solr.json, and find the Parameters section.
- 2. Check whether you need to change the default value of each parameter, if it has one. If there is no default value, consider if you want to add one. When you run the installation, any parameter that does not have a default value will prompt you for that information. The configuration files contain a description for each parameter.



The following screenshot shows a snippet of a Parameters block from a configuration file:





4. Install the prerequisites

You can install the perquisites automatically or manually.

this chapter contains the following sections:

- Automated installation of prerequisites
- Manual installation of the prerequisites
- Install a search provider in a scaled solution

4.1. Automated installation of prerequisites

A predefined SIF configuration file Prerequisites.json is distributed in the configuration packages. This file downloads and installs most of the prerequisites.

This file does not install:

- Microsoft SQL Server
- Solr
- MongoDB (optional)

The Sitecore XM topologies do not require MongoDB. However, if you want to use MongoDB as the session state provider, you must install MongoDB.

For more information about how to use this file, see the section Install a SIF configuration file.

NOTE

SIF does not validate the prerequisite software. You must ensure that you install the correct versions.

4.2. Manual installation of the prerequisites

To install most of the Sitecore server roles, you must have the following prerequisites:

- Microsoft Web Platform Installer (WebPI) 5.0
- IIS, ASP.NET 4.7, and the Web administration PowerShell Module
- SQL PowerShell Module
- Microsoft sqlcmd Utility



• The sqlcmd Utility is part of SQL Server. If you do not have SQL Server installed on the computer that is assigned a Sitecore server role, you must download and install it.

The Sitecore server roles require:

| WebAdministration moduleSupports IIS management.When you configure a computer with IIS, the WebAdministration module is installed automatically.Web Deploy 3.6 for Hosting ServersSupports the installation of Web Deploy Packages.To install this tool, use the Web Platform InstallerURL Rewrite 2.1Supports URL rewrites for Sitecore when installed as a Web Deploy Packages.To install this tool, use the Web Platform InstallerMicrosoft SQL Server Data-Tier Application Framework (DacFx) version 2017 (x86 and x64)Supports the installation of .dac files in Web Deploy PackagesDownload and install DacFx x86. Download and install DacFX x64.This must be installed on servers that have been assigned Sitecore server role and where you are going to install DA packages:In the XM Scaled topology: • Content ManagementTo ensure that DacFx works correctly, you must install its system requirements including Microsoft System CLR TypWeb Management |
|--|
| Hosting Serversinstallation of Web Deploy Packages.URL Rewrite 2.1Supports URL rewrites for Sitecore when installed as a Web Deploy Packages.To install this tool, use the Web Platform InstallerMicrosoft SQL Server Data-Tier Application Framework (DacFx) version 2017 (x86 and x64)Supports the installation of .dac files in Web Deploy PackagesDownload and install DacFx x86. Download and install DacFX x64.Microsoft SQL Server Data-Tier Application Framework (DacFx) version 2017 (x86 and x64)Supports the installation of .dac files in Web Deploy PackagesDownload and install DacFx x64. This must be installed on servers that have been assigned Sitecore server role and where you are going to install DA packages: In the XM Scaled topology: |
| rewrites for Sitecore when installed as a Web Deploy Packages. Microsoft SQL Server Data-Tier Application Framework (DacFx) version 2017 (x86 and x64) Supports the installation of .dac files in Web Deploy Packages Packages New Deploy Packages New Deploy New Deploy Packages New Deploy Packages New Deploy New Deploy Packages New Deploy New Deploy Packages New Deploy New Deploy Packages New Deploy New Deploy Packages New Deploy New |
| Data-Tier Application installation of .dac Framework (DacFx) files in Web Deploy version 2017 (x86 and x64) Packages Data-Tier Application Download and install DacFX x64. Download and install DacFX x64. This must be installed on servers that have been assigned Sitecore server role and where you are going to install DA packages: In the XM Scaled topology: • Content Management To ensure that DacFX works correctly, you must install its |
| Framework (DacFx) files in Web Deploy version 2017 (x86 and x64) Packages Download and install DacFX x64. This must be installed on servers that have been assigned Sitecore server role and where you are going to install DA packages: In the XM Scaled topology: • Content Management To ensure that DacFx works correctly, you must install its |
| x64) This must be installed on servers that have been assigned Sitecore server role and where you are going to install DA packages: In the XM Scaled topology: Content Management To ensure that DacFx works correctly, you must install its |
| Content Management To ensure that DacFx works correctly, you must install its |
| To ensure that DacFx works correctly, you must install its |
| |
| for SQL Server 2017. |
| lf you are running an x64 environment, you must install both the x64 and x86 versions of DacFx and SQLSysCLRTypes. |
| NOTE If DACFx fails to install, you can see the following error message when you use the framework: The SQL provider cannot run with dacpac option because of a missing dependency. Please make sure that DACFx is installed. |
| For information about how to resolve this error, see this Sitecore Knowledge Base article. |

4.2.1. Clear the Web Platform Installer download cache

If the Web Platform Installer hangs or freezes during the installation, you must restart and clear the download cache.

To clear the Web Platform Installer download cache:

- 1. Launch the Web Platform Installer.
- 2. In the bottom pane, click **Options**.
- 3. In the **Change Options** dialog box, scroll down to the **Installer cache** section and click **Delete installer cache folder**.



4. Click OK.

4.3. Install a search provider in a scaled solution

Sitecore Experience Platform supports Solr, Lucene, and Azure Search as search providers. If you want to use a search provider that works in both analytics and content search, we recommend that you use either Solr or Azure Search.

• Lucene is only supported for content search and you should not use Lucene on a production server.

Sitecore xConnect does not support Lucene.

Support for Lucene is deprecated in Sitecore Experience Platform 9.2.0 and will be completely removed in a later release.

- Solr is supported for both content search and analytics search.
- Azure Search is supported for both content search and analytics search. In PaaS solutions, you can use Azure Search, Solr, or SolrCloud in Azure. In On-premise solutions, the Sitecore Install Framework requires Solr to deploy. After the deployment you can switch the indexing to use Azure Search.

For more information about the supported search providers, see Using Solr, Lucene, or Azure Search.

For local testing and development, you can set up a self-signed certificate. For more information about creating a self-signed certificate, see the Apache Solr Reference guide.

4.3.1. Install the Solr Certificate

You must install the Solr certificate on the servers that perform the following roles:

Content Management



5. Set up a production environment

This chapter describes how to install Sitecore Experience Platform XM scaled topology for production.

This chapter contains the following section:

- Set up the certificates
- Distributed installation script for the XM Scaled topology
- Enable telemetry reporting in production

5.1. Set up the certificates

Sitecore Experience Platform is designed to be secure by default. You must therefore implement HTTPS across the platform.

Server Certificate Authentication

All communication between Sitecore instances, including the xConnect web services, the Sitecore Identity server, Microsoft Machine Learning Server, and the Solr search provider occurs over the default HTTPS configuration. HTTPS requires that you obtain and set up certificates for the Secure Sockets Layer (SSL) before you install the platform.

Server authentication uses a server-side certificate and a private key to encrypt traffic between the HTTP client and the HTTP server application. This type of authentication prevents unencrypted content from traveling over an unsecured network. It does not identify who the client is and the server authentication alone does not determine who can connect to the server.

IMPORTANT

In local developer environments, self-signed certificates can be used to develop Sitecore solutions. Due to potential security concerns, you must not use self-signed certificates in production environments.

5.1.1. Set Up Server Certificate SSL Authentication on IIS

You must obtain and install the server certificates before you run SIF. For more information about how to set up SSL in IIS, see Microsoft's documentation.

The following table lists the full set of server authentication certificates for this topology:

| XM Scaled (XM1) | |
|--------------------------|--|
| Content Management | |
| Sitecore Identity server | |

For each certificate, you must use the site name in the common name **CN** field in the certificate. For example, if the name that you want to use for the Content Management IIS site is *CM_test*, you must use this name when you create the Content Management certificate.



Install Server Certificates

After you obtain the relevant certificates, you must install them.

To install server certificates:

1. Install the server authentication certificate in the system certificate store folder:

Certificates (Local Computer)\Personal

For information about how to install a private key certificates, see PowerShell Import-Certificate from Microsoft.

2. If you created a self-signed certificate, install the self-signed authority certificate for the SSL certificate in the following folder:

Certificates (Local Computer) \Trusted Root Certification Authorities

NOTE

For the XP Single (XP0) topology, it is assumed that there is only one SSL certificate for each IIS instance that covers multiple application roles. For XP Scaled (XP1), there is a dedicated role per server in a distributed setup, and you must obtain and install a certificate for each server role.

5.2. Install the Sitecore XM scaled topology

Once you have obtained the required certificates, you can run SIF and install the Sitecore XM scaled topology. You can install any of the configurations for dedicated server roles, on single or multiple servers.

The server roles are defined as a part of your desired scaling configuration.

For more information about scaling, see Scaling scenarios.

IMPORTANT

You must first install the sitecore-solr.json deployment configuration on your Solr search server. Then you must install the rest of the Sitecore server roles deployment configurations.

To run SIF and install Sitecore XM Scaled:

1. If you have not already done so, as an administrator, in a PowerShell command line, run the following cmdlet:

Import-Module SitecoreInstallFramework

2. Download the OnPrem XM Scaled WDP archive and unzip to a folder of your choice.



3. To install the Solr cores, run the following cmdlets with the required parameters for your server roles:

```
Install-SitecoreConfiguration -Path "C:\SitecoreInstaller\Configurations\Platform\Solr
\sitecore-solr.json"
```

4. To install the server roles, run the following cmdlets with the required parameters for your server roles:

```
Install-SitecoreConfiguration -Path "C:\SitecoreInstaller\Configurations\IdentityServer
\IdentityServer.json"
```

```
Install-SitecoreConfiguration -Path "C:\SitecoreInstaller\Configurations\Platform
\XP1\sitecore-XP1-cm.json"
```

Install-SitecoreConfiguration -Path "C:\SitecoreInstaller\Configurations\Platform
\XP1\sitecore-XP1-cd.json"

5.2.1. Specify the certificates during installation

To install Sitecore with your pre-installed certificates, when you run the Install-SitecoreConfiguration cmdlet, you must provide the certificates as parameters.

SIF searches for the certificates in the following path, by default:

Cert:\Localmachine\My

You can change the storage location.

Change the default location of the certificates

To change the default location of the certificates used for the deployment:

• In a text editor, open the relevant .json file, and in the Variables section, change the default store value:

```
"Security.CertificateStore": "Cert:\\Localmachine\\My"
```

Specify the names or thumbprints of the certificates

You must specify the names or thumbprints of the certificates that you created and installed earlier in this guide as parameters. For example:

• For the SSL authentication certificate, for example, for an instance with the name "CM test":

```
-SSLCert "CM_test"
Or
```

```
-SSLCert "2205a94867ee99e3b29ea7a9ac5a7646d43fd88b"
```

NOTE

In the PowerShell command line parameter, you must specify the client certificate thumbprint in capital letters.



5.3. Distributed installation script for the XM Scaled topology

To simplify your scaled installation on multiple servers, you can use a PowerShell script to install the XM Scaled topologies. For more information, see Architecture overview in Sitecore documentation.

5.3.1. Distributed installation script prerequisites

To prepare the servers, you must perform the following steps on each server:

- Enable PowerShell Remoting.
 For more information about PowerShell Remoting, see the section *Running SIF Remotely*.
- Install all the prerequisites.
 For more information about the prerequisites, see the section *Install the Prerequisites*.
- 3. Create the c:\resourcefiles folder on every machine that will be assigned a Sitecore server role or will run Solr.

5.3.2. Run the distributed installation script for the XM Scaled topology

To edit and run the XM topology installation script:

- 1. Create a folder called c:\resourcefiles.
- 2. Download and save the following WDP packages and SIF resource files in this folder:
 - Sitecore 9.2.0 rev. 00XXXX (OnPrem) cd.scwdp.zip
 - Sitecore 9.2.0 rev. 00XXXX (OnPrem) cm.scwdp.zip
 - Sitecore.IdentityServer.3.0.0 rev. 00XXX (OnPrem) identityserver.scwdp.zip
 - IdentityServer.json
 - createcert.json
 - importcert.json
 - sitecore-solr.json
 - sitecore-XM1-cd.json
 - sitecore-XM1-cm.json
 - Role-Remote.json
 - XM1-Distributed.json
 - XM1-Distributed.ps1
- 3. Save your Sitecore license file in the c:\resourcefiles folder as license.xml.
- 4. In the c:\resourcefiles folder, edit the XM1-Distributed.ps1 file script and update each line with the appropriate settings for your environment.
- 5. In a PowerShell command line, navigate to the c:\resourcefiles folder and run the following command:

.\XM1-Distributed.ps1



After you have edited and run the installation script, you must complete the post-installation steps described in the chapter *Post-installation steps*.

5.3.3. Uninstalling a distributed deployment

Centralized uninstallation of distributed deployments is not supported yet. If you need to re-install a scaled deployment you must remove everything that was installed during the previous installation from each individual computer. For more information about uninstalling Sitecore Experience Platform, see the section *Uninstall the Sitecore XM Scaled topology*.

5.4. Enable telemetry reporting in production

The Sitecore telemetry reporting feature gathers information that helps Sitecore understand how customers use our products. The environment type (production or non-production) helps us to associate the features used with the appropriate use-cases.

The telemetry system assumes Sitecore Experience Platform is running in a non-production environment by default. When you set up a production environment, you must therefore define a system variable to report the environment type.

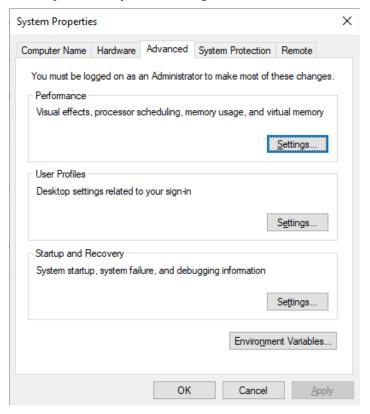
To define a system variable:

1. In the Control Panel, click System, Advanced system settings.

| 🔛 System | | | | - 0 | х | | |
|--------------------------|----------------------------------|---|-----------|------------|-----|--|--|
| e 🕘 - 🛧 🔛 > Control P | Panel > System and Security > Sy | stem | ~ 0 | Search Co. | . P | | |
| Control Panel Home | View basic information | about your computer | | | 0 | | |
| S Device Manager | Windows edition | | | | | | |
| 🚱 Remote settings | Windows 10 Enterprise | | | | | | |
| System protection | | | Windows10 | | | | |
| Advanced system settings | | | | VV3 I | U | | |
| | System | | | | | | |
| | Processor: | Intel(R) Core(TM) i7-6600U CPU @ 2.60GHz 2.81 GHz | | | | | |
| | Installed memory (RAM): | 16.0 GB (15.9 GB usable) | | | | | |
| | System type: | 64-bit Operating System, x64-based processor | | | | | |
| | Pen and Touch: | No Pen or Touch Input is available for this Display | | | | | |
| | Computer name, domain and | workgroup settings | | | | | |
| | Constant | IT COVITABLE | | Determent! | | | |



2. In the System Properties dialog, click Environment Variables.



- 3. In the Environment Variables dialog, in the System variables section, click New.
- 4. In the **New System Variable** dialog, in the **Variable name** field, enter SITECORE_ENVIRONMENT_TYPE and in the **Variable value** field, enter *Production*.

| Variable | Value | | | |
|--|--|---------------------|------|--------|
| w System Variable | | | | |
| ariable <u>n</u> ame: SITECOR | E_ENVIRONMENT_TYPE | | | |
| ariable <u>v</u> alue: Producti | on | | | |
| Browse Directory | Browse <u>F</u> ile | | ОК | Cancel |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| /stem variables | | New | Edit | Delete |
| Variable | Value | New | Edit | Delete |
| Variable asl.log | Destination=file | | Edit | Delete |
| Variable asl.log ComSpec DellClientSystemUpdatePath | | e | Edit | Delete |
| Variable asl.log ComSpec | Destination=file C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.ex | e | Edit | |
| Variable asl.log ComSpec DellClientSystemUpdatePath ESET_OPTIONS | Destination=file C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.ex C:\Program Files (x86)\Dell\Clier | e | Edit | |
| Variable asl.log ComSpec DellClientSystemUpdatePath ESET_OPTIONS FP_NO_HOST_CHECK | Destination=file C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.ex C:\Program Files (x86)\Dell\Clien NO | e | Edit | |
| Variable asl.log ComSpec DellClientSystemUpdatePath ESET_OPTIONS FP_NO_HOST_CHECK NUMBER_OF_PROCESSORS | Destination=file C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.ex C:\Program Files (x86)\Dell\Clien NO 4 | ₽ tSystemUpdate\ | | |

Installation Guide for the XM Scaled Topology



5. Restart the computer.



6. Post-installation steps

You must complete all the following steps after you use SIF to install Sitecore XP 9.2.0:

- Configure Azure Cognitive Search
- Configure the MongoDB provider for xConnect
- Rebuild the search indexes and the Link databases
- Content expiration
- Configure session state providers
- Warm up the servers
- Security hardening
- Import the client translations

6.1. Configure Sitecore Identity server

The Sitecore Identity server only works with HTTPS, and you must generate a certificate for it.

The Sitecore Identity server configuration requires the following additional parameters:

- allowedCorsOrigins a pipe-separated list of instances (URLs) that are allowed to login via Sitecore Identity. This can be a Sitecore instance in the XPO topology, or all the CM/CD servers in a scaled environment.
- ClientSecret a random string value that must be identical on both the client and server side.
 - On the client side, it is stored in the connection strings on the CM server sitecoreidentity.secret.
 - On the server side, it is stored in the <IdentityServer folder>\ Config\production \Sitecore.IdentityServer.Host.xml file, in the ClientSecrets node.
- PasswordRecoveryUrl the client URL (CM server).
 If a user forgets their password, they are redirected to the appropriate Sitecore server to fill in the form for password recovery.

You must also register the Identity server on the client side. The Identity server is configured in the \App_Config\Sitecore\Owin.Authentication.IdentityServer \Sitecore.Owin.Authentication.IdentityServer.config configuration file -sc.variable "identityServerAuthority".

For more information see Sitecore Identity documentation.



6.2. Configure Azure Cognitive Search

Sitecore Experience Platform supports Solr, Lucene, and Azure Cognitive Search as search providers.

NOTE

Support for Lucene will be removed in Sitecore XP 9.3.0.

In on-premise solutions, the Sitecore Install Framework requires Solr to deploy. When the installation is completed, you can switch to Azure Cognitive Search.

To configure Azure Cognitive Search:

- In the xconnect\App_data\config\sitecore\CollectionSearch folder: Enable the following configuration file by removing the .disabled extension:
 - sc.Xdb.Collection.IndexWriter.AzureSearch.xml.disabled

Disable the following configuration files by adding the .disabled extension:

- sc.Xdb.Collection.IndexReader.SOLR.xml
- sc.Xdb.Collection.WebClient.SOLR.xml
- 2. In the xconnect\App_data\jobs\continous\IndexWorker\App_data\config
 \sitecore folder:

Enable the following configuration files by removing the .disabled extension:

- \SearchIndexer\sc.Xdb.Collection.IndexWriter.AzureSearch.xml.disabled
- \CollectionSearch \sc.Xdb.Collection.IndexWriter.AzureSearch.xml.disabled

In the \CollectionSearch

\sc.Xdb.Collection.IndexWriter.AzureSearch.xml.disabled file, the
DataReplicationTimeoutMilliseconds setting is disabled by default. If you use more
than one replica, you must enable this setting.

- 3. In the xconnect\App_data\jobs\continous\IndexWorker\App_data\config
 \sitecore folder, disable the following configuration files by adding the .disabled
 extension:
 - \CollectionSearch\sc.Xdb.Collection.IndexReader.SOLR.xml
 - \CollectionSearch\sc.Xdb.Collection.WebClient.SOLR.xml
 - \SearchIndexer\sc.Xdb.Collection.IndexWriter.SOLR.xml

4. In the following connection string files:

- xconnect\App_Config\ConnectionStrings.config
- xconnect\App_data\jobs\continuous\IndexWorker\App_config \ConnectionStrings.config

Add (uncomment) and update the Azure Cognitive Search connection string, the default name is collection.search.

<add name="collection.search" connectionString="serviceUrl=https:// [service].search.windows.net/;indexName=[index name];apiKey=[API Key]"/>



6.3. Rebuild the search indexes and the Link database

After you install Sitecore Experience Platform, you must rebuild the search indexes and rebuild the *Link* databases.

To rebuild all the indexes:

- 1. On the **Sitecore Launchpad**, click **Control Panel**, and in the **Indexing** section, click **Indexing manager**.
- 2. In the Indexing Manager dialog box, click Select all, and then click Rebuild.

To rebuild the *Link* databases for the *Master* and *Core* databases:

- 1. On the **Sitecore Launchpad**, click **Control Panel**, and in the **Database** section, click **Rebuild Link Databases**.
- 2. Select the Master and Core databases and then click Rebuild.

6.4. Content expiration

Microsoft IIS uses the Expire Web content header (located in common HTTP Response Headers) to determine whether to return a new version of the requested web page if the request is made after the web page content has expired. IIS marks each web page before it is sent, using the settings that you provide for content expiration. The website visitor's browser translates the expiration mark. You can set the IIS Expire Web content header to improve performance.

By setting Expire Web content to something other than *immediately*, you can reduce second-access load times by 50 –70%. This setting does not affect dynamically-generated content.

For more information about content expiration, see Client Cache in the Microsoft IIS documentation.

6.5. Configure session state providers

In the Sitecore Experience Platform, configuring session state is particularly important if you have deployed a multi-server, fully scalable environment with clusters of content delivery servers.

Sitecore is deployed with an *InProc* session state provider by default but we recommend that you use *OutOfProc* session state providers if you deploy more than one CD server.

Sitecore Experience Platform supports the following session state providers:



- Microsoft SQL Server
- MongoDB
- Redis

To configure any *OutOfProc* session state providers, see the Sitecore documentation.

6.6. Warm up the servers

To ensure that your Sitecore websites are available at all times, even after restarting a server, you should enable the IIS auto-start feature for the application pools on all the servers that you have configured.

For more information about the auto-start feature, see Microsoft's documentation.

6.7. Security hardening

Sitecore recommends that you follow all the security hardening instructions described in our documentation. In addition, the way you implement your Sitecore solution has a significant effect on the security of your website and it might require additional security-related coding and configuration.

For more information about security hardening, see the Security Guide.

6.8. Import the client translations

The user interface in Sitecore Experience Platform 9.2.0 are only available in English by default. If you want to use another language, you must import the client translation. Download the latest translations from the Client Translations section of the release page.

Client translations are available in:

- Danish (da-DK)
- German (de-DE)
- Japanese (ja-JP)
- Chinese (zh-CN)

For more information about how to import a client translation, see the Sitecore Experience Platform Client Translations.



7. Uninstall the Sitecore XM Scaled topology

This chapter describes how to uninstall Sitecore XM Scaled topology and contains the following sections:

- Uninstall a Sitecore instance using SIF
- Uninstall the XM Scaled topology in a distributed environment

7.1. Uninstall a Sitecore instance using SIF

You can use SIF to uninstall a Sitecore instance/role from a local server.

To uninstall a Sitecore instance:

- 1. Launch PowerShell as an administrator.
- Run the Uninstall-SitecoreConfiguration cmdlet, and specify the path to your SIF configuration file.
 For example, using the site same VML are isom file:

For example, using the sitecore-XM1-cm.json file:

Uninstall-SitecoreConfiguration -Path <configurationpath>\sitecore-XM1-cm.json

Alternatively, you can pass in the parameters declared in the SIF configuration files by prefixing their name with a dash "–" in the command line. For example:

Uninstall-SitecoreConfiguration -Path <configurationpath>\sitecore-XM1-cm.json -SqlDbPrefix SC.

In a PowerShell command line, you can pass additional parameters to control the uninstall process.

For example, running the Verbose cmdlet increases the amount of information that is logged, and the -Skip <taskname> cmdlet skips one or more tasks.

To correctly uninstall a SIF configuration, you must pass the same parameters that were used during the installation.

The uninstall is performed by a separate list of tasks within the configuration file. For more information, see the SIF documentation.



7.2. Uninstall the XM Scaled topology in a distributed environment

To uninstall any of the Sitecore XM topologies, edit the distributed installation script and change the Install-SitecoreConfiguration cmdlet to Uninstall-SitecoreConfiguration. For more information, see section Distributed installation script for the XM Scaled topology.

For example:

Change

```
Install-SitecoreConfiguration @Parameters *>&1 | Tee-Object XM1-Distributed.log
```

to

```
Uninstall-SitecoreConfiguration @Parameters *>&1 | Tee-Object XM1-Distributed-Uninstall.log
```

Run the script and the topology is removed.



8. Appendix

This chapter contains answers to some issues that can arise during the installation as well as some supplementary instructions that help you configure your environment, such as, file permissions, performance counters, and certificates.

This chapter contains the following sections:

- Common issues
- Access rights
- Certificates
- Install and configure Microsoft Machine Learning Server

8.1. Common issues

I get a 403.16 Forbidden error

- Check that your root certificate is in the Trusted Root Certificates Authority store of the *Local Computer*, not the current user and that the *Issued To* and *Issued By* properties of the root certificate match.
- Ensure you imported the certificates into the *Local Computer's* certificate store, not the current user's certificate store.
- Ensure the certificate you created in IIS has a name that matches the site. For example, sc9 xconnect.
- Ensure you pasted your thumbprint into a PowerShell command line window, and that you removed the hidden character at the start of the string.
- Ensure your thumbprint is in uppercase letters.
 For example: 3D703B5198D6D3CEE1D0C1B1BC9ECB6D34989BA4.
 You can find the thumbprint in the following locations:
 - Sitecore\App Config\ConnectionStrings.config
 - XConnect\App_Config\ConnectionStrings.config
 - XConnect\App_Data\jobs\continuous\AutomationEngine\App_Config \ConnectionStrings.config
- Ensure the self-signed certificate you created in IIS has the same name as your xConnect instance.
- Ensure the client authentication certificate (under the local machine's *Personal* store) has *read* permissions for the *IIS_IUSR* group and the *NETWORK SERVICE* group.



My Solr index is empty

In the \xConnect\App_data\jobs\continuous\IndexWorker\App_data\Logs folder, check the indexer's log files:

If you have an error that says your remote certificate is invalid according to the validation procedure, ensure that the indexer's ConnectionStrings.config file is using localhost rather than 127.0.0.1 for the Solr core URL.

Microsoft.SqlServer.TransactSql.ScriptDom.dll is not installed

If this happens, you can also see the following error: *The SQL provider cannot run with dacpac option because of a missing dependency.* To resolve this, see the following Knowledge Base article.

My Sitecore installation failed while I was using Skype

If you use Skype while you are installing Sitecore Experience Platform 9.2.0, it is possible that your xConnect installation may fail. This occurs because Skype and Sitecore xConnect both use port 443, which interferes with the installation.

If this happens, change your Skype configuration as described in Microsoft's documentation.

Failed installations

If an installation fails for any reason, you must clean up the partial installation before attempting another installation.

To clean up a partial installation, run the configurations again with the Uninstall-SitecoreConfiguration command with the same parameters as you used for the installation.

The createcert.json configuration file does not contain uninstallation tasks that remove certificates because it is highly likely that the certificates, particularly the root certificates, are used elsewhere.

To remove an incorrect certificate:

- To open the Certificate Management console, in the Windows command prompt, enter certlm.msc and press Enter.
 To open the Certificate Management console for the Current User, enter certmar.msc.
- 2. In the left pane, in the tree, expand the *Personal* node and select **Certificates**.
- 3. Select the incorrect certificate, right click it and then click **Delete**.
- 4. To remove the Root certificates, in the console, in the left hand pane, expand *Certificates*, *Trusted Root Certification Authorities*, *Certificates* and select the incorrect certificate, right click it and then click **Delete**.

After you have removed the failed installation, correct the errors in the launch script or configuration files before attempting a new installation.

My Solr Schema is not populated

To populate the Solr schema:

- 1. On the **Sitecore Launchpad**, click **Control Panel**, and in the **Indexing** section, click **Populate Solr Managed Schema**.
- 2. In the **Schema Populate** dialog box, click **Select all**, and then click **Populate**.



The Indexing Manager shows no results after rebuilding the indexes

This can happen if the Solr managed schema is not populated properly during deployment.

To solve this problem, populate the Solr schema again.

8.2. Access rights

8.2.1. Use Windows Authentication with SQL Server

You can configure Sitecore to use Windows Authentication for a SQL connection and remove the user name and password from the connectionStrings.config file.

NOTE

This only applies to the *Core*, *Master*, *Web* and *Reporting* SQL databases, and not to xDB and xConnect.

To configure Sitecore to use Windows Authentication:

- 1. In Windows, launch the IIS Manager.
- 2. Select the application pool that Sitecore is running under, click **Advanced Settings** and in the **Identity** field, set the identity to the domain user.

| | | | _ |
|------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|---|
| | Processor Affinity Enabled | False | ^ |
| | Processor Affinity Mask | 4294967295 | |
| | Processor Affinity Mask (64-bit c | 4294967295 | |
| | Process Model | | |
| \triangleright | Generate Process Model Event L | | |
| | Identity | ApplicationPoolIdentity | |
| | Idle Time-out (minutes) | 20 | |
| | Idle Time-out Action | Terminate | |
| | Load User Profile | True | |
| | Maximum Worker Processes | 1 | |
| | Ping Enabled | True | |
| | Ping Maximum Response Time | 90 | |
| | Ping Period (seconds) | 30 | |
| | Shutdown Time Limit (seconds) | 90 | |
| | Startup Time Limit (seconds) | 90 | |
| ⊿ | Process Orphaning | | |
| | Enabled | False | |
| | Executable | | |
| | Executable Parameters | | ¥ |

- 3. In SQL Server, register the domain user and grant the appropriate security permissions to the Sitecore databases for the domain user.
- 4. On the computer that hosts Sitecore Experience Platform, add the domain user to the *IIS_IUSRS* group.



For more information about changing the permissions for the *IIS_IUSRS* group, see the section Server file system requirements.

5. In a text editor, edit the \App_Config\ConnectionStrings.config file and replace the user id and password parameters with trusted_connection=Yes.

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<connectionStrings>
<add name="core" connectionString="Data
Source=.\sql2016;Database=sc9_Core;Trusted_Connection=True"
/>
<add name="master" connectionString="Data
Source=.\sql2016;Database=Sandbox6_Master;Trusted_Connection=True"
/>
<add name="web" connectionString="Data
Source=.\sql2016;Database=Sandbox6_Web;Trusted_Connection=True"
/>
<add name="reporting" connectionString="Data Source=<Data-
Source>;Database=Sandbox6_Analytics;Trusted_Connection=True"
/>
</connectionStrings>
```

6. Prepare your identity so that it can be used as a service account with the aspnet regile.exe file and the -ga switch.

8.2.2. Use Windows performance counters

Sitecore Experience Platform contains built-in functionality that reads and updates the Windows performance counters that you can use to monitor and troubleshoot the Sitecore application. This functionality requires access to Windows registry keys. You can grant access by making the application pool identity a member of the built-in *Performance Monitor Users* group.

For more information, see Microsoft's documentation about Application Pool Identity.

If the required registry permissions are not granted, whenever the application attempts to access Windows performance counters, the *Access to the registry key 'Global'* is denied error is registered in the Sitecore log files.

To avoid this error, you must prevent Sitecore from updating the performance counters.

To prevent Sitecore from updating the performance counters:

• In a text editor, open the \App_Config\Sitecore.config file and set the Counters.Enabled setting to *false*.

8.3. Certificates

8.3.1. Server certificates

After you install Sitecore Experience Platform 9.2.0, your IIS site will have an HTTPS binding and an associated SSL certificate with the same name. For example, if the site is named CM_test , the HTTPS binding and associated SSL certificate are also named CM_test .



| Add Site Binding | | | | ? | \times |
|----------------------|-------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|----------|
| Type: https | IP address: All Unassigned | | Port: | | |
| Host name: | | | | | |
| CM_test | | | | | |
| 🗌 Require Server Nan | ne Indication | | | | |
| SSL certificate: | | | | | |
| CM_test | | \sim | Select | View | |
| | | C | ОК | Cancel | |

Configure a new client certificate

If your client certificate has expired, you must configure Sitecore to use a new client certificate.

To configure Sitecore to use a new client certificate:

- Install the new client certificate on every computer on which you have installed the xConnect client and ensure that the authority that issued the certificate is in the *Trusted Authorities* list. For more information about the appropriate role and the certificate that you must install, see the section *Set up the certificates*.
- 2. To grant the appropriate permissions to the certificate, open the Microsoft Management Console, click **File**, and then click **Add/Remove Snap-in**.
- 3. In the **Add or Remove Snap-ins** dialog box, in the **Available snap-ins** field, select **Certificates** and then click **Add**.
- 4. In the **Certificates snap-in** dialog box, select **Computer account** and then click **Next**.
- 5. In the Select Computer dialog box, select Local computer and then click Finish.
- 6. In the Add or Remove Snap-ins dialog box, click OK.
- 7. In the **Console** window, in the left-hand pane, navigate to the *Certificates (Local Computer)/ Personal/Certificates* folder.
- 8. In the center pane, right-click the new certificate, click **All Tasks**, **Manage Private Keys**.
- 9. In the **Permissions** dialog box, add the accounts that you want to grant permissions to, based on the following criteria:
 - For virtual accounts that were created for each Sitecore application pool identity, add for example: *IIS AppPool\<AppPoolName>* – for virtual accounts.

IIS Approon<Approonvine > - for virtual accounts.

- *NETWORK SERVICE* account only if the Sitecore website application pools run under the NetworkService identity.
- LOCAL SERVICE account the Marketing Automation Engine runs under this account.
- For virtual accounts that were created for the xConnect application pool identity for the website hosting the xDB Automation Operations role, add for example: IIS AppPool\<AppPoolName> – for virtual accounts.
- In the \App_Config\connectionstrings.config file, in the appropriate connection strings, replace the old thumbprint parameter value with the new client certificate thumbprint. For more information about the appropriate roles and the role certificate thumbprints that must be updated, read the section Set Up Client Certificates.



11. In the xConnect root folder, in the \App_Config\AppSettings.config file, update the thumbprint value in the following setting:

```
<add key="validateCertificateThumbprint" value="859E88DC0692BA1583145223C455F186937C0D62" />
```

You must update this setting on the following servers:

12. Restart IIS on every computer that you configured to use a new client certificate.

8.3.2. Configure Sitecore to use new server certificates

- 1. On each IIS instance, in the **Site Bindings** window, select the new server certificate.
- 2. Restart IIS on every computer that you configured to use the new server certificates.